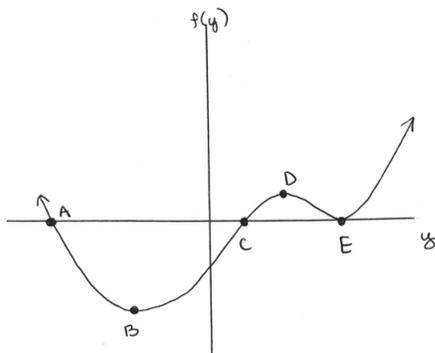


Justify your answers and show work to receive full credit. A correct answer with no work or explanation will not receive full credit.

- True / False** If a solution to the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dt} = f(y)$ (with f continuously differentiable) is increasing at time $t = t_0$, then that solution must be increasing for all t .
- True / False** The lines $t = 0$ and $y = 5$ are equilibrium solutions for the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dt} = t^2(y - 5)$.
- True / False** The solution to the initial value problem $\frac{dy}{dt} = (y^2 - 16)(5 \sin t + 4)$, $y(0) = -3$ satisfies $y(t) > -4$ for all t .
- Solve the initial value problem $\frac{dy}{dt} = t^2(3y - 1)$, $y(0) = 5$.
- Find the general solution the the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dt} = y^2$. (*Hint*: does your solution work for any possible initial value?)
- Use Euler's method to approximate $y(0.3)$ for the differential equation $\frac{dy}{dt} = 4y^3 + 20t$ with initial value $y(0) = -0.5$ and step size $\Delta t = 0.1$. (Include a table with t and y values for each iteration of Euler. You may round all numbers to two decimal places.)
- An up-and-coming clothing design company is studying the demographics of its employee population. They've noticed that each year (on average), 20 new people are hired, 5 of which speak a second language fluently. On the other hand, they've noted that 10 employees quit each year. Assume the company employs 20 people initially, and only two of them speak a second language.
 - How many employees does the company have after t years? When does the company have exactly 100 employees?
 - Let S denote the number of employees that speak a second language. What is the initial value problem modeling the population S ?
 - What percentage of employees speak a second language when the company has exactly 100 employees?
- Consider the graph of (continuously differentiable) $f(y)$ shown below with marked points (in the form $(y, f(y))$) $A = (-5, 0)$, $B = (-2.8, -8)$, $C = (1, 0)$, $D = (3.3, 2.6)$, and $E = (7, 0)$.



- Sketch the phase line for $\frac{dy}{dt} = f(y)$. Identify any sinks, sources, and nodes.
- Sketch solutions with initial values $y(0) = -6$, $y(0) = 0$, $y(0) = -5$. Clearly mark the initial value on the corresponding solution. (Note that your graph is only approximate since your interpretation of f is approximate. However, the initial value and the information you convey about long term behavior of solutions is *not* approximate.)
- Let α be a parameter, and consider the one-parameter family of differential equations $\frac{dy}{dt} = f(y) + \alpha$. Do you expect bifurcation values for α ? If so, what are they?