

Output from dioxin.R

```
> # dioxin.R
>
> library(lsmmeans)
> library(lme4)
> library(pbkrtest)
> #library(car)
> #library(nlme)
>
> # get the data
> dioxin<-read.table(file="dioxin.dat",header=T,
+                   colClasses=c("factor","factor","factor","factor","numeric"))
> head(dioxin)
  site row column treat dioxin
1    1  1     1     b   92.7
2    1  1     2     a  299.1
3    1  1     3     c   63.7
4    1  2     1     a  287.5
5    1  2     2     c   86.8
6    1  2     3     b  102.7
> is.factor(dioxin$site)
[1] TRUE
> is.factor(dioxin$dioxin)
[1] FALSE
>
> # to fit this model with the lmer function in the lme4 package it is better
> # to avoid implicitly nested factors. Instead create a row factor (called
> # allow below) that has 3*5=15 levels (a unique level for each row within
> # each site). Do the same for columns.
> dioxin <- within(dioxin , allow <- factor(row:site))
> dioxin <- within(dioxin , allcol <- factor(column:site))
> head(dioxin)
  site row column treat dioxin allow allcol
1    1  1     1     b   92.7   1:1   1:1
2    1  1     2     a  299.1   1:1   2:1
3    1  1     3     c   63.7   1:1   3:1
4    1  2     1     a  287.5   2:1   1:1
5    1  2     2     c   86.8   2:1   2:1
6    1  2     3     b  102.7   2:1   3:1
>
> # Replicated Latin square w/ rows & cols nested in squares
> # mixed effects model with random effects of row(site) column(site) site
> # using reml in the function lmer() from package lme4
> m1<-lmer(dioxin~treat+(1|site)+(1|allow)+(1|allcol),data=dioxin)
> summary(m1)
Linear mixed model fit by REML ['lmerMod']
Formula: dioxin ~ treat + (1 | site) + (1 | allow) + (1 | allcol)
Data: dioxin

REML criterion at convergence: 398.0167

Random effects:
Groups   Name              Variance Std.Dev.
allcol   (Intercept)        52.71    7.261
allow    (Intercept)        82.43    9.079
```

```
site      (Intercept) 548.30   23.416
Residual                403.30   20.082
Number of obs: 45, groups: allcol, 15; allow, 15; site, 5
```

Fixed effects:

	Estimate	Std. Error	t value
(Intercept)	254.793	12.065	21.12
treatb	-191.620	7.333	-26.13
treatc	-195.500	7.333	-26.66

Correlation of Fixed Effects:

```
(Intr) treatb
treatb -0.304
treatc -0.304  0.500
```

```
> anova(m1,type=3)
```

Analysis of Variance Table

	Df	Sum Sq	Mean Sq	F value
treat	2	374768	187384	464.62

```
>
```

```
> # get the lsmeans for each level of treat
```

```
> lsmeans(m1,specs=~treat)
```

```
$`treat lsmeans`
```

treat	lsmean	SE	df	lower.CL	upper.CL
a	254.79333	12.06471	5.179696	224.10085	285.48582
b	63.17333	12.06471	5.179696	32.48085	93.86582
c	59.29333	12.06471	5.179696	28.60085	89.98582

```
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```

```
> # test the contrasts of interest
```

```
> c1<-c(2,-1,-1)
```

```
> c2<-c(0,1,-1)
```

```
>
```

```
> lsmeans(m1,specs=ls~treat,contr=list(lsm=list(control_vs_remed=c1,
+                                           remed1_vs_remed2=c2)))
```

```
$`treat lsmeans`
```

treat	lsmean	SE	df	lower.CL	upper.CL
a	254.79333	12.06471	5.179696	224.10085	285.48582
b	63.17333	12.06471	5.179696	32.48085	93.86582
c	59.29333	12.06471	5.179696	28.60085	89.98582

```
$`treat lsm`
```

	estimate	SE	df	t.ratio	p.value
control_vs_remed	387.12	12.701204	18	30.47900	0.00000
remed1_vs_remed2	3.88	7.333043	18	0.52911	0.60319

p values are not adjusted